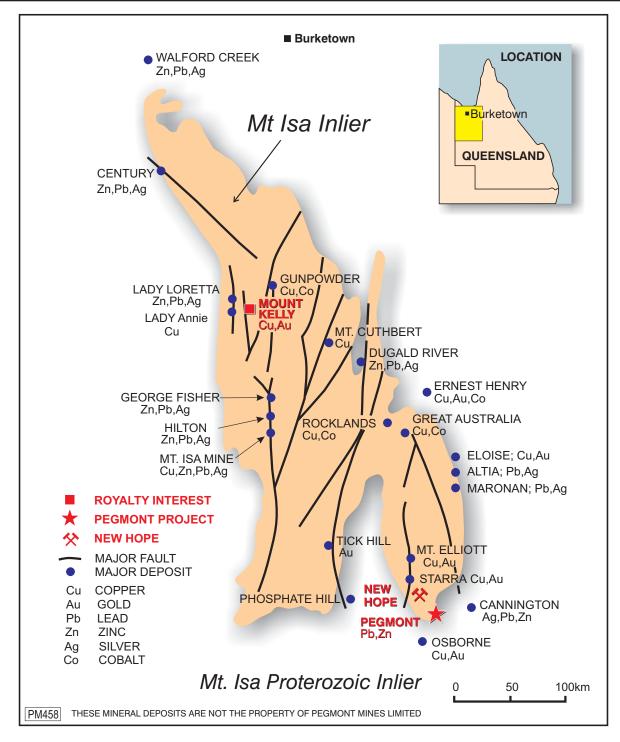


Pegmont Mines Limited

ABN 97 003 331 682

2015 annual report



The Mount Isa province is one of the best endowed Base Metal provinces in the world. It offers a variety of mineral targets from small to large size from low to high grade. These attributes provide an attractive place to operate. The province has:

- Four of the top ten Zn deposits
- · Three of the top ten Pb deposits
- · Largest silver mine at Cannington
- Three Cu deposits > 1Mt Cu

These deposits are associated with major fault systems

Undeveloped Pb-Zn deposits in Eastern Succession

Altia; Pb, ZnMaronan; Pb, AgPegmont; Pb, Zn

They are all associated with Banded Iron Formations (BIF) which have a pronounced magnetic signature.

Their target areas extending at depth and may have a muted magnetic (or no magnetic) anomaly under deep cover.

CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

2015 was a difficult year for junior explorers to raise money to continue their activities. For many, including ourselves, there was no option but to cease field activities and in effect to hibernate the winter of falling commodity prices and investor apathy.

Pegmont Mines Limited is fortunate in having an advanced stage project and an Option Agreement in place with Vendetta which has met the Queensland Natural Resources and Mines Department (NRM) expenditure obligations. Hence, the Company does not have expenditure obligations until after 10 August 2016.

In recognition of this difficult period, the Minister for Natural Resources and Mines released a press statement on 17 February 2016 announcing the relief of expenditure commitments for Exploration Permits for Minerals (EPMs) by 50% during the period 1 January 2016 to 31 December 2017. This concession would make it easier for the Company to meet its obligations during 2017.

Furthermore, the Company has moved its Corporate Office from Crows Nest to 13 Oden Street, Port Macquarie, NSW 2444 with a consequent saving in overhead costs. Also, Directors fees have been cut to an aggregate of \$100,000, including the deferral of \$50,000 payment to the Managing Director.

Vendetta Mining Corp (Vendetta) has also felt the chill winds of investor apathy by seeking an amendment to the Option Agreement in cutting the Option cash payments in favour of an increased royalty from 1.25% to 1.5% NSR. Vendetta is optimistic that these revised terms will be enough to attract further funds to allow future drilling to commence by late April.

Although the Company has not undertaken any field work, never the less, it reviewed Pegmont drill results undertaken since 2012 to revise previous resource estimates. This review indicates that around 5.4 Mt of sulphide mineralisation is already defined in resources (Indicated and Inferred) averaging 9.0-9.3% Pb+Zn at a 5% Pb+Zn cut-off grade. There is also potential sulphide mineralisation as exploration targets. There are significant intersections of mineralisation to the NW and SW of existing resources and exploration targets that could increase the extent of mineralisation in these directions (H & S Consultants Pty Ltd - March, 2016) Vendetta's drilling during 2016 will be directed towards delineating the Gossan Lode and Zone 5 (Southern Lode) potential to update their resource model.

We are optimistic about the near term prospects of the lead–zinc industry, as major mines exhaust their mineable reserves and close in Canada, Ireland and Australia. During 2015 there was a reduction of 12.1% in global lead mine production, and a decline of 0.7% global zinc mine output, whereas global zinc demand increased by 0.7%.

Since the beginning of 2016, there has occurred increased interest in gold producers and advanced stage gold projects, due to a lift in bullion prices from US\$1,050 to US\$1,250 per ounce. The lower Aussie dollar exchange rate to around US75c has resulted in attractive profit margins to producers which has resulted in an uplift in their share prices.

Recently, we have received some interest in the New Hope gold-cobalt deposit, but no definite offers have yet eventuated.

As CST Mining have concluded negotiations with the Traditional Owners over the Anthill copper deposit, we are hopeful that the Mining Lease application 90233 could be activated shortly. The Anthill ML lies within the Reefway Royalty Tenements which attracts 1% NSR royalty entitlement (Pegmont 76.73% share).

Maybe, a swallow does herald at least a thaw in the investment climate for our sector and possibly of better times around the corner.

We thank our shareholders for their patience and continuing support during the year. We also record our appreciation for the efforts of our staff, legal advisors, consultants and contractors.

John M Armstrong

Chairman

2015 PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

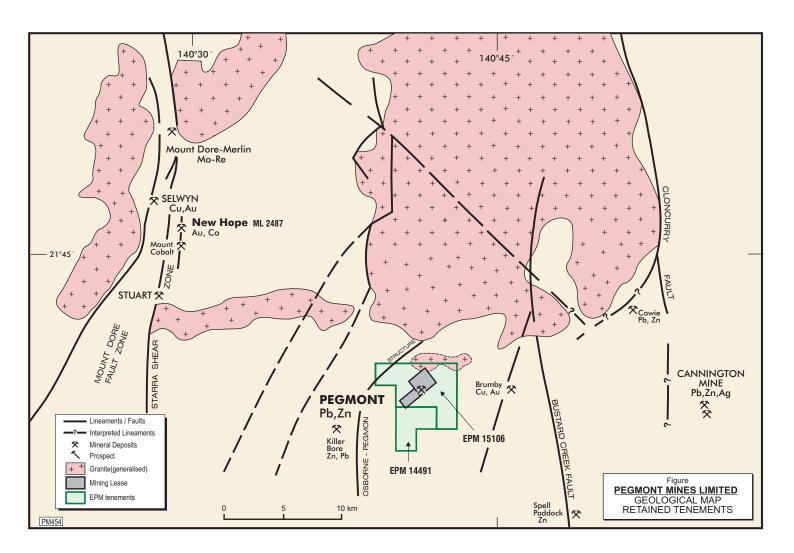
During 2015, we further reduced administration costs to \$207,399, a 52.9% reduction on 2014 expenses of \$440,359. However, cash balances were only \$266,449, a decline of \$144,412 due to a deferral of an Option payment from Vendetta. With the receipt of \$150,000 currently due from Vendetta, the Company would have sufficient funds to cover 2016 budget expenses of \$300,000 on a minimal activity basis.

2016 Objectives

 To maintain all current exploration tenements, including our Mining Leases at Pegmont and New Hope together with eleven EPM sub-blocks around and covering the Pegmont mineralisation. Renewal application regarding the Pegmont EPMs will commence shortly. Since there is greater interest in gold, we shall endeavor to deal the New Hope gold-cobalt deposit for a cash share outcome.

Retained Tenements

The Company's retained exploration tenements are the Pegmont Mines Leases, the surrounding EPM sub-blocks together with a small ML at New Hope located between the Selwyn and Cannington mining centres, N-W Queensland. All tenements are in good standing.



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Sharetrading activity during 2015 resulted in a loss of \$23,198 (2014 – \$51,416) as metal commodity prices collapsed, to major lows during 2015.

		2015 31 Dec	2014 31 Dec	Decline %
Oil	\$US/bbl	37.0	54.09	(31.6)
Iron Ore	\$US/t	42.9	71.15	(39.7)
LME Index	<	2,203	2,914	(24.4)
Lead	\$US/t	1,802	1,813	(0.6)
Zinc	\$US/t	1,600	2,134	(25.0)
Gold	\$US/oz	1,062	1,206	(11.9)
\$A/\$US		73.02	81.9	(10.8)
All Ords Index		5,344.6	5,388.6	(0.8)

Since the beginning of 2016, most metal prices have firmed, led by gold; consequently the LME index has increased to around 2050-2250. However, this improvement in commodity sentiment has been partly offset by a firmer Australian dollar to \$US0.75-0.76.

The trading results for 2015 were:

	2015 \$000	2014 \$000
Gross Trading Revenue	44	135
Realised Profit/(Loss)	(67)	(80)
Write-back of previous impairment provisions	44	29
Net Trading Loss	(23)	(51)

Net Trading Loss of \$23,198 was due mainly to the declining value of a small number of positions held in the energy sector. The provision for impairment against the trading portfolio was reduced to \$12,875 plus a full provision of \$500,297 against previous seed capital situations that was maintained.

Company Tax has not been provided or adjusted against profits as there were carried forward losses of \$11,950,000 at 30 June 2015. Exploration and administration expenses are deductible against all income. Option income receivable from the Pegmont Project will be credited as Other Income and therefore offset against carried forward losses. There is a Franking account balance of \$4,509,000 credit.

The consolidated net result for 2015 was a loss of \$222,273 (2014 – loss \$346,345) summarised as follows:

	2015 \$000	2014 \$000
Net Trading Profit/(Loss	(23)	(51)
Investment income	8	4
Net Income from Investing Activities	(15)	(47)
Pegmont Option Receipt	-	250
Administration	(207)	(440)
Exploration refunds	46	_
Exploration expense	(46)	(109)
Loss before income tax	(222)	(346)
Earnings per share cents	(0.3)	(0.5)

Administration costs were reduced to \$207,339, (2014 – \$290, 949) due to saving in office and other expenses.

Exploration expenditure was \$45,820 (2014 – \$108,932) largely offset by a refund of prior costs \$45,579. Vendetta also refunded \$39,547 in tenement costs.

We did not conduct any field activities. However, Vendetta drilled one deep RC/DD hole in EPM 14491 without intersecting mineralisation.

METRES DRILLED		2015	2014
Pegmont (Pb/Zn)		_	2,977
Vendetta (Pb/Zn)		700	3,518
New Hope (Au/Co)		-	_
Other prospects		-	_
Company Expenditure	\$000	46	459
Vendetta Expenditure	\$000	254	854
Drill cost	\$/m	428.6	182.5

CORPORATE REVIEW

Our Corporate goal is to build a financially strong, independent and self-sustaining resource company.

We do not borrow, or use futures, options or derivatives to undertake investments, but instead rely upon the use of surplus funds to make timely investment decisions.

The Board's policy is to be self-funding which means that we attempt to limit our expenditure to our income. During 2004-2007, this was not difficult as investing income comfortably exceeded expenses.

However from the advent of the GFC in 2008/9 which witnessed the collapse of both equity and commodity markets, all investment markets have been strongly influenced by unstable Government monetary policy with little regard to conventional and prudent fiscal measures. These stop-go short term economic measures have badly affected the global investment cycle and therefor commodity markets. Now that the US treasury has terminated its money printing (Quantitative Easing) program, normal economic measures may become the new normal and allow the economic cycle to reassert itself. Consequently, we are becoming more confident about the future and that the past six years will be seen as an unfortunate episode.

Since we have survived with our exploration assets intact, our near future will be directed at regaining financial strength. We will also patiently wait for cash flow from royalty income arising from our two pillars, i.e. The Pegmont Project and from the Reefway Royalty Tenements.

CORPORATE STRATEGY - 2016

In accordance with the Vendetta Option Agreement we can look forward to additional drilling being undertaken on the Southern Lode (Zones 4 and 5) and to the revision of the Pegmont resource estimates. Vendetta has met its minimum drill meterage commitment of 2,000 metres in 2014, and have met their expenditure for 2015 requirements. Their work program in 2016 will meet the Queensland Mines Department tenement work commitments, thus alleviating the Company of this obligation. Consequently, our Corporate Strategy during 2016 is to sit tight and await results from Vendetta's exploration program at Pegmont.

However, we will continue to monitor other company activities in the Mount Isa region to assess emerging opportunities, preferably in regard to possible farm-in opportunities on known high-grade mineralisation. Our response to new opportunities will depend upon Vendetta's success at Pegmont.

In regard to **New Hope**, where we have a small high grade gold-cobalt deposit, we will continue to review opportunities to either sell or deal the property into a larger situation. Meanwhile, the Company does not have any expenditure obligations on this tenement.

VENDETTA OPTION AGREEMENT

On the 11 November 2015, an Amendment to the Call Option to Purchase (the Pegmont) Tenements was agreed between the Company and Vendetta Mining Corp (Vendetta), as announced to the National Stock Exchange, Australia (NSXA) on 7 December 2015. The Amendments are summarised as follows:

 Reduction of \$750,000 to \$5,250,000 in preproduction payments by Vendetta to the Company with a revised schedule

Date	Cash Payments \$
Paid	250,000
28 February 2016	150,000
28 February 2017	350,000
28 February 2018	500,000
6 November 2018	1,000,000
Upon exercise of the Call Option as pre-paid Royalty	3,000,000
	5,250,000

- A minimum of 17,000 metres of drilling must be completed prior to 10 August 2018, including I ,2F8 metres completed to date and a minimum of 3,000 metres to commence by 30 April 2016.
- The purpose of this drilling is to update the N1 43-101 Mineral Resource estimate of 8.163Mt of Indicated and Inferred Resource (AMC Consultants, February 2014) to a total of 10Mt resource of all material types by 31 December 2016, at a 3% Pb+Zn cut-off grade for Oxide and Transition Mineralisation and at a 5% Pb+Zn cut-off grade for Sulphide ores.
- 4. The Option period has been reduced to four years to 6 November 2018.
- To compensate for the cash reduction of \$750,000 to Pegmont, the Royalty rate has increased from 1.25% to 1.5% of Net Smelter Return (NSR).

Vendetta News Releases

On 3 March 2016, Vendetta announced to the Toronto Stock Exchange (VTT-TSX:V) that it intended to raise up to \$1.5 million by private placement, to advance the development of the Pegmont project. An initial drilling program is scheduled to commence prior to 30 April 2016.

Vendetta also intends to update the N1 43-101 Mineral Resource Estimate (by AMC) by Q4 2016.

This placement is expected to be finalized by 31 March 2016, and payment of the outstanding \$150,000 made shortly thereafter to the Company.

For further information, visit Vendetta's website or to the Toronto Stock Exchange.

EXPLORATION ACTIVITY

Although no field work was undertaken by the Company during the 2015 year, there were tenement expenses in regard to both the Reefway Royalty Tenements and the Pegmont Project Tenements.

In regard to the Reefway Royalty Tenements, we need to monitor the maintenance of all tenements during April currently held and operated by CST Mining.

Discussions with the Queensland Mines Department are likely on the Pegmont Project tenements as they are falling due for renewal during 2016.

Pegmont Tenements (Pegmont 100% Interest)

The Pegmont Tenements comprise:

- 3 Mining Leases, MLs 2620, 2621 and 2623 which have an expiry date of 31 January 2022 and
- 2 EPMs, 14491 and 15106 which expire on 10 August 2016

The Company intends to apply for a renewal of both EPMs for a further five years, possibly consolidated into one new tenement.

Although the expenditure commitments on both EPMs have been exceeded, the actual year 10 commitment stands at a combined \$650,000.

Under the Amended Option Agreement, Vendetta must spend \$1,000,000 to 10 August 2016, \$1,200,000 to 10 August 2017 and meet Mines Department commitments for 10 August 2018.

However, it should be noted that Vendetta may withdraw from the Option Agreement at any time after completing the current year exploration commitment. Vendetta may exercise the Option Agreement at any time on or prior to 6 November 2018 by payment of \$5,250,000, including \$250,000 paid to date.

REEFWAY ROYALTY TENEMENTS

(Pegmont 76.73 Royalty Interest)

The current owner and operator of the Reefway Royalty Tenements, CST Mining Group Limited (CST Mining) continued mining operations to produce cathode 99.99% copper. Total copper sold from the Royalty tenements, during 2015 was 3,230.0 tonnes, making a cumulative total of 47,070 tonnes to 31 December 2015.

CST Mining has applied for a Mining Lease over the Anthill deposit, said to contain 13.84 M tonnes of Resource assaying 0.7% copper (at 31 December 2013) for 96,900 tonnes of contained copper, subject to recovery. As negotiations with Traditional Owners were concluded in July 2015, commencement of mining of this deposit may occur by mid 2016. Since this deposit is 100% Reefway Royalty Tenement, commencement of copper production would accelerate the realisation of potential royalty payments.

The Reefway Royalty Agreement of 28 September 2004, provides for the payment of 1% NSR royalty after the production of 100,000 tonnes of copper metal has been achieved from the tenements.

The following tenements, subject to the Reefway Royalty Deed, now owned and operated by CST Mining Group Limited, are as follows.

MLs 5426, 5435, 5446, 5447, 5474, 5476, 5478

MLA 90233 (Anthill)

EPMs 11637, 11669, 11670, 11672, 14149, 16244

NEW HOPE

(Pegmont 100% Interest)

The New Hope mining lease ML 2487 contains a small Au-Co deposit discovered by Pegmont.

To date, 58 RC/DD holes totaling 4,923 metres have been drilled into a strike length of 100 metres, resulting in a Resource of 93,500 tonnes (containing 20,440 ounces gold) assaying 6.8g/t Au and 0.2% Co (J.M. Geological Consulting Pty Ltd – May 2012).

Metallurgical test work indicated that a high percentage of gold can be recovered by gravity separation with up to 95% total recovery. However, cobalt is difficult to recover, being associated with arsenic, resulting in only 18-25% recoveries.

Future development will require more tonnes, and a higher average grade. There is potential for some extra shallow mineralisation but the main potential lies at depth which could extend into an adjacent tenement held by another party who are yet to show interest in any discussion.

Tenement	Name	Status	Registered Holder	Date of Grant	Date of Expiry	Area (sq km)
ML 2620	Pegmont No.1	Granted	Pegmont Mines Ltd	01.02.2012	31.01.2022	1.3
ML 2621	Pegmont No.2	Granted	Pegmont Mines Ltd	01.02.2012	31.01.2022	1.3
ML 2623	Pegmont No.3	Granted	Pegmont Mines Ltd	01.02.2012	31.01.2022	1.3
EPM 14491	Pegmont Extd 2	Granted	Pegmont Mines Ltd	11.08.2006	10.08.2016	10.2
EPM 15106	Pegmont Extended	Granted	Pegmont Mines Ltd	11.08.2006	10.08.2016	25.6
ML 2487	New Hope	Granted	Pegmont Mines Ltd	03.09.2009	31.12.2018	8.0

A map on page 2 depicts the Company's current tenement holdings.

OUTLOOK FOR 2016

We plan to consolidate on our 2015 achievements and progress the Company's activities towards a more sustainable future.

Sharetrading Activity

The current market environment for gold resource investment is positive with strong exploration results attracting investor interest. Gold producers are currently enjoying good margins due to lower costs and a higher Australian dollar gold price.

A few gold producers have recorded share price gains of up to 500% from their November 2014 lows. The gold sector is now attracting new capital to expand and develop advanced stage deposits. The trading portfolio has a small exposure to this buoyant sector.

The company has placed \$200,000 surplus funds on monthly rolling deposits, with its bankers. This is expected to yield about \$4,000 interest during the year.

Thus, during 2016, results from investing activities are estimated as follows:

	2016 \$000	2015 \$000
Gross share turnover	50	44
Sharetrading Profit/(Loss)	11	(23)
Dividends and interest	4	8
Net Investing income after provisions	15	(15)

Although the market value of the trading portfolio had shrunk to \$15,800 at 31 December 2015, it has since increased due to a small investment in a gold producer.

Administration Costs

Administration costs for the year were \$207,339 compared with a budget of \$260,000. This result was a 28.7% reduction on 2014 administration costs of \$440,357 A small increase to \$220,000 is expected in 2016.

	2016 \$000	2015 \$000
Auditor and Director Fees	116	126
Stock exchange and registry	20	19
Secretarial and office expenses	20	18
Other expenses	64	44
	220	207

Thus, indicative income and expenditure for 2016 are forecast to be:

	2016 \$000	2015 \$000
Sharetrading Profit/(Loss)	11	(23)
Dividends and interest	4	8
Option proceeds	-	_
Other revenue	_	46
Total income	15	31
Exploration	(95)	(46)
Administration	(220)	(207)
Net expenditure	(300)	(222)

Note: Actual results during 2016 could differ materially from these forward looking estimates, should circumstances change. Vendetta reimbursed \$39,547 for tenement costs during 2015.

Working Capital

Working Capital was \$228,650, defined as the difference between total Current Assets of \$331,479 and Current Liabilities of \$102,829. Since this amount is not sufficient to meet Net Expenditure during the year, of \$300,000; additional equity raising may be necessary.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Company's Net Assets at 31 December 2015 were \$3,274,075 (2014–\$3,488,708), a decline of \$214.633.

	2015 \$000	2014 \$000
Current assets	331.5	500.7
Current liabilities	(102.8)	(57.4)
Working capital	228.7	443.3
Non-current assets	3,345.4	3,345.4
Non-current liabilities	(300.0)	(300.0)
Net assets	3,274.1	3,488.7

The Net Assets difference of \$214,633 in 2015 reflects the year's Net Loss of \$222,273, offset by share issues amounting to \$15,000 and consolidation adjustments of \$(7,640).

Working Capital

The Company's working capital position at 31 December 2015 was \$228,650 (2014 – \$443,283).

The deterioration in Working Capital of \$214,632 was due to:

	2015 \$000	2014 \$000
Pre-tax loss	(222)	(346)
Offset by:		
Proceeds from share issue	15	479
Increase in payables	(45)	(89)
Increase in loans	-	300
Reduction in other assets	37	89
Cash movement	(215)	433

The Company does not presently have sufficient cash to meet its obligations during 2016, without raising additional equity funds, or receipt of option payments, or the sale of assets.

Non-Current Assets

	2015 \$000	2014 \$000
Pegmont field camp	100	100
Pegmont deposit (at valuation)	3,000	3,000
Reefway Royalty	100	100
New Hope Deposit	145	145
	3,345	3,345

The value of \$3.0 million placed on the Pegmont lead-zinc deposit compares with the advance royalty payment of \$5.25 million per amended Pegmont Option Agreement with Vendetta, NSXA announcement 7 December 2015. This value has not changed since 2000 despite considerable expenditure and drilling since then.

General Comment

The Company's financial position has deteriorated because of the non receipt of \$250,000 Option payment due on 6 November 2015. This payment was subsequently deferred by agreement with Vendetta to 28 February 2016 and reduced to \$150,000 due to difficulties experienced by Vendetta in raising the required funds. This matter is still outstanding.

The lack of adequate working capital is restricting the Company's exploration and investing activities. Although the current state of the market and economic cycle were largely foreseen and therefore anticipated, never the less, worthwhile investment resource opportunities have emerged but remain unavailable to the Company. The recent up tick in gold bullion prices may herald a bottoming in the metal price cycle, as China, Japan and Europe seek to reflate their economies. The US economy continues to create job growth.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL RESULTS

FINANCIAL RESULTS AT 31 DECEMBER		2015 \$000	2014 \$000	2013 \$000	2012 \$000	2011 \$000
Gross Trading Revenue		44	135	296	1,835	7,235
Net Trading Profit/(Loss)		(23)	(51)	(45)	(236)	(997)
Option Receipt		_	250	_	_	_
Exploration		(46)	(109)	(389) (8	354)	(1,250)
Administration		(207)	(440)	(334) (4	124)	(844)
Net Profit/(Loss) before tax		(222)	(346)	(742)	(1,463)	(3,003)
Net Profit/(Loss) after tax		(222)	(346)	(742)	(1,463)	(3,003)
Cash		266	411	19	520	1,807
Investments		16	32	88	252	168
Working Capital		229	443	10	744	2,024
Total Assets		3,677	3,846	3,502 4,	,342	5,741
Total Liabilities		403	357	146 10	03	55
Shareholders' Funds		3,274	3,489	3,356 4,	,239	5,687
Contributed Equity		4,480	4,465	3,980 3,	,971	3,756
Earning per share (E)	cents	(0.3)	(0.5)	(1.2) (2	2.3)	(5.0)
Dividends per share	cents	_	_			_
Net Tangible Assets per share	cents	4.6	4.9	5.4 6	.8	9.4
Working Capital per share	cents	0.3	0.6	0.0 1	.2	3.4
Share Price (last sale)	cents		7.0	6.0 9	.0	9.0
Price Earnings ration P/E	_	-ve	-ve	-ve -\	/e	-ve
Shares on Issue	000	71,192	71,042	62,699	62,549	60,374

COMMENT

Since September 2004, the Company has applied the proceeds from the sale of Reefway Pty Ltd to share investing. This activity generated a total Net Trading Profit of \$12,306,000 (after provisions) over ten years from Gross Trading Revenue of \$122,596,000 at an average margin of 10.0% on turnover. During this period the Company has expended funds on exploration \$6,401,000, administration \$6,310,000, taxation \$4,629,000 and distributed dividends of \$1,375,000. This activity sustained the Company until 2011 when investment losses were incurred and replacement capital raised.

The current business model of the Company incorporates share trading to generate income to contribute to administration and exploration expenses. However, since the GFC in 2007 (when our Gross Trading Revenue peaked at \$36.3 million), share trading activity has declined in keeping with reduced market interest in resource equities and greater volatility caused by intense fiscal and monetary action in major economies.

We are confident that world economic growth will continue; led by USA and China, which should translate into eventual investor interest in resource equities, when metal prices start to recover. The recent recovery in the gold price from a low of US\$1,052 per ounce, on 3 December 2015 is thought to be heralding the commencement of a new economic cycle resulting from resolution of lingering GFC problems. The LME (base metals) index is also attempting to bottom at around 2050 – 2250. Barring unforeseen events, (and there are plenty of "black swans" flying around) we expect a gradual recovery in metal prices during the second half of 2016. A successful outcome of this scenario would create growth opportunities for our Company and renewed interest in the Pegmont lead-zinc deposit.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

This statement outlines the main corporate governance practices that have been revised and updated, and in place since the 1st of July 2005. These corporate governance practices comply with the NSX Corporate Governance Council recommendations unless otherwise stated.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Role of the Board

The Board is responsible for ensuring that the Company is managed in a manner which protects and enhances the interests of its shareholders and takes into account the interests of all stakeholders. To fulfill this role, the Board is responsible for setting the strategic directions for the Company, establishing goals for management, monitoring the achievement of these goals and ensuring policies and procedures are applied that facilitate accountability and performance.

Because of the limited size of the Company and its financial affairs and operations, the use of separate committees of the Board of Directors is not considered generally appropriate. All matters that might properly be dealt with by such committees are currently dealt with by the full Board of Directors. Decisions of the Board are, to the extent practicable, unanimous. There were no occasions during the year when decisions were not unanimous.

Composition of the Board

The names and details of the Directors of the Company in office at the date of this Statement are set out in the Directors' Report.

The composition of the Board is determined using the following principles:

- Persons nominated as Non-Executive Directors shall be expected to have skills, experience and expertise of benefit to the Company and to bring an independent view to the Board's deliberations. Persons nominated as Executive Directors must be of sufficient stature and security of employment to express independent views on any matter.
- The Chairperson should ideally be non-executive and independent and be elected by the Board based on his/her suitability for the position. Currently the Chairperson is a Non-Executive Director. The Board believes that this Chairperson is able and does bring quality and independent judgment to all relevant issues falling within the scope of the role of a Chairperson.
- All Non-Executive Directors are expected voluntarily to review their membership of the Board from time-to-time
 taking into account length of service, age, qualifications and expertise relevant to the Company's then current
 policy and program, together with the other criteria considered desirable for composition of a balanced Board
 and the overall interests of the Company.
- Under the Company's Constitution, the minimum number of Directors is three. At each Annual General Meeting, one third of the Directors (excluding the Managing Director) must resign, with Directors resigning by rotation based on the date of their appointment. Directors resigning by rotation may offer themselves for re-election.
- The Directors may appoint a Managing Director for a fixed term not exceeding five (5)years (Article71(a)) unless otherwise approved by members in General Meeting.
- The remuneration of a Managing Director shall not exceed 15 times average weekly Earnings of Employees (AWE) (Article 6.5 (e)).
- The Chairperson and Deputy Chairperson hold office until otherwise determined by Directors, or until they cease to be Directors but in any case for a period not exceeding five (5) years (Article 9.6(a)) unless otherwise approved by members in General Meeting.

The Company considers that the Board should have at least three Directors (minimum required under the Company's constitution) and strives to have a majority of independent Directors but acknowledges that this may not be possible at all times due to the size of the Company. Currently the Board has three Directors, including two non-executive directors of whom one is the Chairman.

The number of Directors is maintained at a level which will enable effective spreading of workload and efficient decision making.

The Board has accepted the following definition of an Independent Director:

"An Independent Director is a Director who is not a member of management (a Non-Executive Director) and who:

- 1. is not a substantial shareholder of the Company or an officer of, or otherwise associated, directly or indirectly with, a substantial shareholder of the Company;
- 2. has not within the last three years been employed in an executive capacity by the Company or another group member, or been a Director after ceasing to hold any such employment;
- 3. is not a principal of a professional adviser to the Company or another group member;
- 4. is not a significant consultant, supplier or customer of the Company or other group member, or an officer of or otherwise associated, directly or indirectly with, a significant consultant, supplier or customer;
- 5. has no significant contractual relationship with the Company or another group member other than as a Director of the Company;
- 6. has not served on the Board for a period which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company; and
- 7. is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company."

The Company considers a significant consultant, supplier or customer to be material if the total of their annual invoices amounts to more than 5% of the Company's total expenditure in that category.

The composition of the Board is reviewed on an annual basis to ensure the Board has the appropriate mix of expertise and experience. Where a vacancy exists, through what ever cause, or where it is considered that the Board would benefit from the services of a new Director with particular skills, the Board determines the selection criteria for the position based on the skills deemed necessary for the Board to best carry out its responsibilities and then appoints the most suitable candidate who must stand for election at the next general meeting of shareholders.

Performance of Directors

The performance of all Directors and the Board as a whole is reviewed annually in accordance with the Company's corporate governance guidelines (effective 1 July 2005).

Conflict of Interest

In accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and the Company's constitution, Directors must keep the Board advised, on an ongoing basis, of any interest that could potentially conflict with those of the Company. Where the Board believes a significant conflict exists, the Director concerned does not receive the relevant Board papers and is not present at the Board meeting whilst the item is considered. Details of Director's related entity transactions with the Company are set out in the related parties note in the financial statements.

Independent Professional Advice and Access to Company Information

Each Director has the right of access to all relevant Company information and to the Company's executives and, subject to prior consultation with the Chairperson, may seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense. A copy of advice received by the Director is made available to all other members of the Board.

Remuneration Report

The information provided in this remuneration report has been audited as required by section 308(3C) of the Corporations Act 2001.

Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Remuneration Policy

The remuneration policy of Pegmont Mines Limited has been designed to align key management personnel objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives. The board of Pegmont Mines Limited believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best key management personnel to run and manage the Company.

The remuneration policy, setting the terms and conditions for the executive directors and other senior executives (if any), was developed by the board. The board reviews executive packages annually by reference to the Company's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies in similar industries.

The board may exercise discretion in relation to approving incentives, bonuses and options. The policy is designed to attract the highest calibre of executives and reward them for performance that results in long-term growth in shareholder wealth.

Executives are also entitled to participate in the employee share and option arrangements.

All remuneration paid to key management personnel is valued at the cost to the Company and expensed. If options are issued they are valued using the Black-Scholes methodology.

The board policy is to remunerate non-executive directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The board determines payments to the non-executive directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required. The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting (currently \$100,000). Fees for non-executive directors are not linked to the performance of the Company. However, to align directors' interests with shareholder interests, the directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company and are able to participate in employee option plans approved by the board.

Performance based remuneration

The Company currently has no performance based remuneration component built into key management personnel remuneration packages.

Company performance, shareholder wealth and key management personnel remuneration

No relationship exists between shareholder wealth, key management personnel remuneration and Company performance.

Use of remuneration consultants

The Company did not employ the services of any remuneration consultants during the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

Voting and comments made at the Company's 2015 Annual General Meeting

The Company received approximately 100% of "yes" votes on its remuneration report for the 2015 financial year. The Company did not receive any specific feedback at the AGM or throughout the year on its remuneration practices.

Details of Remuneration

Details of the remuneration of the directors and the key management personnel of the Company are set out in the Directors' Report.

The key management personnel of Pegmont Mines Limited include the directors.

Board Procedures and Policies

The Board applies the additional following procedures and policies:

The Board promotes ethical and responsible decision making by applying a corporate code of conduct which provides a framework for decisions and actions in relation to ethical conduct in employment. The Board sets guidelines for buying and selling securities in the company.

The Board safeguards the integrity in financial reporting by requiring the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (or equivalent) to make a statement (at the relevant times) that the Company's financial systems are founded on a system of risk management and internal compliance and control which implements the policies adopted by the board and the company's risk management and internal compliance and control systems is operating efficiently and effectively in all material respect.

The Board ensures the company makes timely and balanced disclosure by adopting a continuous disclosure policy.

The Board respects the rights of shareholders by adopting a shareholder communications strategy which aims to ensure that shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the Company's state of affairs. The Board requests the external auditor to attend all annual general meetings of the company, to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report.

The Board determines the Company's 'risk profile' and is responsible for overseeing and approving risk management strategy and policies, internal compliance and internal control.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors' present their report on the results of the Company for the year ended 31 December, 2015 and the state of affairs at that date.

Directors

The names of the Directors in office at the date of this report are:

Mr. John M Armstrong Non-Executive Chairman

Mr. Peter J Read Non-Executive Director

Mr. Malcolm A Mayger Managing Director

Principal Activity

The principal activities of the Company in the course of the year were mineral exploration and resource investment.

Operating Results

The consolidated loss after providing for income tax and eliminating minority equity interests amounted to \$222,274 (2014 – loss \$346,345).

Dividends

No dividend was paid during the year (2014 - Nil).

Review of Operations

Information on the operations of the company during the year and the results of those operations are set out in the section titled "Review of Operations" in this Annual Report.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company that occurred during the financial year that have not been covered in the 'Review of Operations'.

Matters Subsequent to the end of the Financial Year

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in financial years subsequent to the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

Options over Unissued Capital

The total number of options issued as at

31 December 2015 was NIL (2014-NIL). At

31 December 2015 there were no unissued shares under option.

Environmental Issues

The Company is subject to performance bonds for the rehabilitation of a mining tenement. These performance bonds are required by the Mines Department to ensure that rehabilitation occurs as required under environmental regulation. Surface disturbance has been restored. There were no environmental incidents during the year. Occupational Health and Safety requirements were met through the development of an emergency plan, the provision of formal training to Pegmont contractors, toolbox meetings, site inspections and record keeping. There were no reportable incidents during 2015.

Auditors' Section 307C Declaration

The Directors

In accordance with Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 (the "Act") I hereby declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Act in relation to the review of the 31 December 2015 financial report; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

Mr. Rolf Garda

Lead Auditor

Meeting of Directors

During the financial year, 5 meetings of directors were formally held. The number of meetings attended by each director during the year is as follows:

Mr. John M Armstrong 5
Mr. Malcolm A Mayger 5
Mr. Peter J Read 5

In addition to these meetings, the non-executives directors are continuously updated on current activities.

Directors' Qualifications and Experience

ARMSTRONG, John M (Non-Executive Chairman) BSc, MBA, FFin, FAICD

Mr. Armstrong, aged 80 is a professional company director with over 40 years of experience in investment banking and resource finance at senior management and director levels.

MAYGER, Malcolm A (Executive Managing Director) BCom, CA, FAICD

Mr. Mayger, aged 76 has over 40 years experience in exploration, mining and investment. Malcolm Mayger founded the company in 1987 and has guided its subsequent development from concept to an explorer with investment interests.

READ, Peter J (Non-Executive Director) BBus

Mr. Peter J Read, aged 76 is a corporate specialist with experience as Managing Director with Drillsearch Energy Ltd and Queensland Resources NL. In addition he has extensive experience in Marketing and Business Consulting.

Directors' and Executives' Emoluments

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director has received or become entitled to receive a benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors shown in the accounts or received as the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the Company) by reason of a contract made by the Company or by a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a company in which he has a substantial financial interest other than:

- a) Consulting fees paid to Malcolm A Mayger Pty Ltd, an entity of which Mr. Malcolm Mayger is a Director and shareholder.
- b) Consulting fees paid to Armstrong Associates Pty Limited, an entity of which Mr. John Armstrong is a Director and shareholder.
- c) Consulting fees paid to Fonlie Accounting & Investments Pty Limited, an entity of which Mr. Chris Leslie is a Director and shareholder.

The Company's remuneration policy is disclosed in the Corporate Governance Statement preceding this report.

Details of the nature and amount of each payment to each director and each of the officers of the company receiving emoluments are set out in the following tables.

Key management personnel of Pegmont Mines Limited

					Share- based	
		t-Term	Post Empl		Payments	Total
	Salary & Fees	Non Monetary	Super -annuation	Retirement benefits		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Directors						
John Armstrong						
2015	35,000	-	-	-	-	35,000
2014	40,000	_	_	-	_	40,000
Malcolm Mayger						
2015	50,000	-	_	-	-	50,000
2014	60,000	_	_	_	_	60,000
Peter Read						
2015	20,000	-	_	-	-	20,000
2014	12,500	_	_	-	-	12,500
Other key management personnel						
Chris Leslie						
2015	15,300	-	_	-	-	15,300
2014	11,500	_	_	_	_	11,500
Total key management personnel comp	ensation					
2015	120,300	-	_	-	-	120,300
2014	124,000	_	_	_	_	124,000

Service agreements

Malcolm Mayger, Managing Director:

Pursuant a Service Agreement, which commenced on 25th of June 1987, the Directors have arranged for Malcolm Mayger to provide his services as Managing Director of Pegmont.

Share-based compensation

Where options are issued to key management personnel as part of their remuneration the options are not issued based on performance criteria, but are issued to key management personnel of Pegmont Mines Limited to increase goal congruence between key management personnel and shareholders. The Company does not have a formal policy in relation to the key management personnel limiting their exposure to risk in relation to the securities, but the Board actively discourages key personnel management from obtaining mortgages in securities held in the Company.

There were no options granted to or vesting with key management personnel during the year, and there were no options forfeited during the year.

There were no ordinary shares issued upon exercise of remuneration options to directors or other key management personnel of Pegmont Mines Limited during the year.

Directors' Interest, in the Share Capital of the Company as at the date of this report

		Shares at 31/12/2014	Acquired/(Disposed) during the year	Shares at 31/12/2015
J M Armstrong	Direct	99,688	_	99,688
	Indirect	800,000	_	800,000
P J Read	Direct	100,000	-	100,000
	Indirect	_	-	-
M A Mayger	Direct	500,000	-	500,000
	Indirect*	38,543,333	_	38,543,333
		40,043,021	-	40,043,021

^{*}Includes Pegasus Enterprises Ltd in which M A Mayger is a controlling shareholder.

Signed: at Sydney in accordance with a resolution of Directors.

M. Muajae,
Malcolm A Mayger

Dated: 23 March 2016

Directors' Declaration

The directors declare that the attached financial statements and notes:

- a) comply with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- b) give a true and fair view of the Company's and controlled entities' financial position as at 31 December 2015 and of their performance, as represented by the results of their operations and their cash flows, for the financial year ended on that date.

In the directors' opinion:

- a) the financial statements and notes are in accordance with the Corporations Act; and
- b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The directors have been given the declarations by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Malcolm A Mayger

Director

Sydney

Dated: 23 March 2016

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

Income Statement

For The Year Ended 31 December 2015

	Co	nsol	idated	Parent	Entity
N	lote 20	15	2014	2015	2014
		\$	\$ 9	\$\$	
Revenue from continuing operations					
Gross revenue from share trading	44,4	12	135,371	44,412	135,371
Cost of sales	111,9	94	215,856	111,994	215,856
Loss from sale of shares	(67,58	82)	(80,485)	(67,582)	(80,485)
Write back (increase) of provision for shares	44,3	884	29,069	44,384	29,069
Net trading loss after provisions	(23,19	98)	(51,416)	(23,198)	(51,416)
Interest received or due and receivable from other Corporations	8,4	180	1,281	8,480	1,281
Option proceeds		-	250,000	_	250,000
Dividends received		25	_	25	_
Refund of tenement fees	45,5	579	_	45,579	_
Other revenue		-	3,081	-	9,081
	30,8	886	202,946	30,886	208,946
Expenses from continuing operations					
Audit fees	(16,00	00)	(22,000)	(16,000)	(22,000)
Directors fees	(110,00	00)	(120,500)	(110,000)	(120,500)
Exploration written off	(45,82	20)	(108,932)	(45,820)	(108,932)
Stock exchange fees	(8,30	02)	(18,750)	(8,302)	(18,750)
Share registry fees	(10,89	91)	(13,760)	(10,891)	(13,760)
Secretarial & office expenses	(18,32	27)	(33,765)	(18,327)	(33,765)
Superannuation		-	(7,536)	_	(7,536)
Other expenses from ordinary activities	(43,82	20)	(224,048)	(43,820)	(224,048)
	(253,16	60)	(549,291)	(253,160)	(549,291)
Profit before income tax	(222,27	74)	(346,345)	(222,274)	(340,345)
Income tax attributable	2	-	_	_	_
Profit attributable to members of Pegmont Mines Ltd	(222,27	74)	(346,345)	(222,274)	(340,345)
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	19 (0.00	03)	(0.005)	(0.003)	(0.005)

The above income statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

Balance Sheet

As At 31 December 2015

		Consc	olidated	Parent entity		
	Note	2015	2014	2015	2014	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	
Current Assets						
Receivables	3	49,231	57,381	49,231	57,381	
Available for sale financial assets	4	15,800	32,412	35,159	73,744	
Cash and cash equivalents	5	266,449	410,861	266,447	410,859	
Total Current Assets		331,480	500,654	350,837	541,984	
Non-Current Assets						
Held-to-Maturity Investments	6	-	_	2	2	
Property, Plant & Equipment	7	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	
Mineral Tenements	8	3,245,425	3,245,425	3,245,425	3,245,425	
Total Non-Current Assets		3,345,425	3,345,425	3,345,427	3,345,427	
Total Assets		3,676,904	3,846,079	3,696,263	3,887,411	
Current Liabilities						
Payables	9	102,829	57,371	102,829	86,704	
Total Current Liabilities		102,829	57,371	102,829	86,704	
Non-Current Liabilities						
Loans		300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	
Total Non-Current Liabilities		300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	
Total Liabilities		402,829	357,371	402,829	386,704	
Net Assets		3,274,076	3,488,708	3,293,434	3,500,707	
Equity						
Contributed equity	10	4,480,107	4,465,108	4,480,107	4,465,107	
Reserves	11	4,206,193	4,206,193	4,206,193	4,206,193	
Retained profits	11	(5,412,224)	(5,155,459)	(5,392,866)	(5,170,593)	
Total parent entity interest		3,274,076	3,515,842	3,293,434	3,500,707	
Outside equity interests in controlled entities		-	27,134	_		
Total Equity		3,274,076	3,488,708	3,293,434	3,500,707	

The above balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 31 December 2015

	Consol	idated	Parent entity		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year	3,488,708	3,355,745	3,500,708	3,355,745	
Total recognised income and expense for the year	(222,274)	(346,345)	(222,274)	(340,345)	
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:					
Shares issued- note 10	15,000	479,308	15,000	485,308	
Consolidation adjustment to minority interest	(7,360)	-	_	-	
Total equity at the end of the financial year					
	3,274,075	3,488,708	3,293,434	3,500,708	
Total recognised income and expense for the year is attributable to:					
Members of Pegmont Mines Ltd	(222,274)	(346,345)	(222,274)	(340,345)	
Minority interests	_	-	-	_	
	(222,274)	(346,345)	(222,274)	(340,345)	

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

Cash Flow Statement

For The Year Ended 31 December 2015

	Conso	lidated	Parent	Parent entity		
Note	2015	2014	2015	2014		
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Cash receipts in the course of operations	52,917	254,362	52,917	260,362		
Cash payments in the course of operations	(319,334)	(520,844)	(319,334)	(520,844)		
Net cash from operating activities 17	(266,417)	(266,482)	(266,417)	(260,482)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Financial assets decrease	53,638	78,266	82,971	78,266		
Exploration expenditure	(45,820)	(108,932)	(45,820)	(108,932)		
Refund of prior exploration expenditure	45,579	_	45,579	_		
Net cash provided for investing activities	53,397	(30,666)	82,730	(30,666)		
	(213,020)	(297,148)	(183,687)	(291,148)		
Cash Flows from Financing Activities						
Increase in creditors	45,458	211,093	16,125	205,093		
Increase/decrease in debtors	8,150	(5,877)	8,150	(5,877)		
Share issue	15,000	484,243	15,000	484,243		
Net cash flow from financing activities	68,608	689,459	39,275	683,459		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(144,412)	392,311	(144,412)	392,311		
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	410,861	18,550	410,859	18,548		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	266,449	410,861	266,447	410,859		

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2015

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The financial report includes separate financial statements for Pegmont Mines Ltd ("the Company") as an individual entity and the consolidated entity consisting of Pegmont Mines Ltd and its subsidiaries.

a) Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations and complies with other requirements of the law.

All amounts are presented in Australian dollars, unless otherwise noted.

Compliance with IFRSs

Australian Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs). Compliance with AIFRSs ensures that the consolidated financial statements and notes of Pegmont Mines Ltd comply with IFRSs.

Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

b) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all entities controlled by Pegmont Mines Ltd ("the Company") as at 31 December 2015 and the results of all controlled entities for the year then ended. Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Pegmont Mines Ltd and its controlled entities are referred to in this financial report as the Group or the consolidated entity.

The effects of all intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between entities in the Group are eliminated in full.

Outside equity interests in the results and equity of controlled entities are shown separately in the consolidated profit and loss account and balance sheet respectively.

Where control of an entity is obtained during a financial year, its results are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the date on which control commences. Where control of an entity ceases during a financial year its results are included for that part of the year during which control exists.

c) Income Tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the year is the tax payable on the current year's taxable income based on the national income tax rate, adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially accepted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

d) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- where the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Balance Sheet.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority, are classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2015

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

e) Segment Reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different to those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operation in other economic environments.

f) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances and amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportionate basis that takes into account the effective yield on the financial asset.

g) Royalties and other mining imposts

Ad valorem royalties and other mining imposts are accrued and charged against earnings when the liability from production or sale of the mineral crystallises. Profit based royalties are accrued on a basis which matches the annual royalty expense with the profits on which the royalties are assessed (after allowing for permanent differences). Since the Company is not in production, no royalties are payable.

h) Cash and cash equivalents

For cash flow statement presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

i) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for doubtful debts. Trade receivables are due for settlement no more than 30 days from the date of recognition. Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. A provision for doubtful debts is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is recognised in the income statement.

j) Fair Value Estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The carrying value, less impairment provision, of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short term nature.

k) Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset during their expected useful life of 3 to 5 years. A net valuation of \$100,000 has been applied to the Pegmont field camp in activities. All repairs and maintenance expenses are written off as occurrence.

I) Investments and Other Financial Assets

The Group classifies its investments in the following categories: loan and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial asset and is determined at the time of initial recognition. This designation is re-evaluated at each reporting date.

m) Impairment of assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment at each reporting date or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash- generating units).

Non finanacial assets, other than goodwill, that sufferred an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an idefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired.

n) Trade Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. These amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

o) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated.

p) Exploration expenditure

Expenditure on acquisition of tenements relating to an area of interest is carried forward where rights to tenure of the area of interest are current and:

 the area has demonstratabe economic grade, mineralisation; or

For The Year Ended 31 December 2015

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

p) Exploration expenditure (continued)

- exploration and evaluation activities are continuing in an area of interest but have not yet reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves.
- iii) Exploration expenditure is written off in the year during which it is incurred.

At certain milestones during the course of the evaluation of a project the carrying value is reviewed to a fair value, taking into account the likelyhood of commercialisation and additional costs likely to be incurred to reach that stage. The last assessment of the carrying value of the Pegmont mining leases occurred in year 2000. Since then, a considerable amount of drilling has been undertaken which has led to the calculation of a maiden JORC compliant Resource in February 2011. Based on this information a review of the carrying value is being considered.

At the end of each financial year the Directors assess the carrying value of the acquisition expenditure carried forward in respect of each area of interest and where the carried forward carrying value is considered to be in excess of (i) above, the value of the area of interest is written down.

Capitalised acquisition expenditure is considered for impairment based upon areas of interest on an annual basis, depending on the existence of impairment indicators including:

- the period for which the Company has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed;
- substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted or planned;
- exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the Company has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area; and
- sufficient data exists to indicate that, although a
 development in the specific area is likely to proceed,
 the carrying amount of the exploration and
 evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full
 from successful development or by sale.

Costs carried forward in respect of an area of interest that is abandoned are written off in the year in which the decision to abandon is made.

q) Mineral Tenements

The Company's activities in the mining industry are subject to regulations and approvals including mining heritage, environmental regulation, the implications of the High Court of Australia decision in what is known generally as the "Mabo" case and any State or Federal legislation regarding native and mining titles. Approvals, although granted in most cases, are discretionary.

The question of native title has yet to be determined and could effect any mining title area whether granted by the State or not.

r) Employee benefits

Wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave
Liabilities for wages and salaries, including nonmonetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick
leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the
reporting date are recognised in creditors and
borrowings in respect of employees' services up to the
reporting date and are measured at the amounts
expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.
Liabilities for non-accumulating sick leave are
recognised when the leave is taken and measured at
the rates paid or payable.

Long service leave

The liability for long service leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and is measured in accordance with wages and salaries above. The liability for long service leave expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date is recognised in the provision for employee benefits only where there is a reasonable expectation that a liability will be incurred.

Superannuation

The amounts charged to the statement of financial performance for superannuation represents the contributions to superannuation funds in accordance with the statutory superannuation contributions requirements or an employee salary sacrifice arrangement. No liability exists for any further contributions by the Company in respect to any superannuation scheme.

Redundancy

The liability for redundancy is provided in accordance with work place agreements.

s) Contributed Equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

t) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing the operating profit after income tax attributable to members of Pegmont Mines Ltd by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

u) Share based payments

Where shares or options are issued to employees, including directors, as remuneration for services, the difference between fair value of the shares or options issued and the consideration received, if any, from the employee is expensed. The fair value of the shares or options issued is recorded in contributed equity. No options were issued during the year.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2015

- 1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
- v) Critical accounting estimates & judgements
 In preparing this Financial Report the Company has been required to make certain estimates and assumptions concerning future occurrences. There is an inherent risk that the resulting accounting estimates will not equate exactly with actual events and results.
- i) Significant accounting judgements In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

<u>Exploration and evaluation expenditure</u> is written off during the year in which it is incurred.

ii) Significant accounting estimates and assumptions The carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities are often determined based on estimates and assumptions of future events. The key estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period are:

Impairment of capitalised acquisition expenditure
The future recoverability of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is dependent on an number of factors, including whether the Company decides to exploit the related lease itself, or, if not, whether it successfully recovers the related exploration and evaluation asset through sale.

Factors that could impact the future recoverability include the level of reserves and resources, future technological changes, costs of drilling and production, production rates, future legal changes (including changes to environmental restoration obligations) and changes to commodity prices.

As at 31 December 2015, the carrying value of mineral tenements of the group is \$3,245,425 (2014-\$3,245,425)

For The Year Ended 31 December 2015

		Consoli	idated	Parent entity		
		2015 \$	2014	2015	2014	
		Ф	\$	\$	\$	
	Income Tax Expense					
	a) Income tax expense					
	Current tax	-	-	-	-	
	Deferred tax	-	-	_	_	
	b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable					
	Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense	(222,274)	(346,345)	(222,274)	(340,345)	
	Timing and permanent differences	-	-	-	_	
	Prima facie tax payable at 30 %	-	-	-	-	
	Income tax/(refund) attributable to operating profit	-	-	-	_	
3.	Trade and other Receivables (Current)					
	Security deposits DME & rental bond	26,934	26,934	26,934	26,934	
	Other debtors	13,083	12,587	13,083	12,587	
	GST control account	1,779	3,436	1,779	3,436	
	Prepayments	7,435	14,424	7,435	14,424	
		49,231	57,381	49,231	57,381	
ı.	Available for sale financial assets (Current)					
	Quoted Shares	15,800	32,412	15,800	32,412	
	Unlisted Investments – at fair value			19,361	41,334	
	Closing balance at 31 December	15,800	32,412	35,161	73,746	
5 .	Cash and cash equivalents (Current)					
	Cash at bank and on hand	112,977	110,861	112,975	110,859	
	Cash on deposit	153,472	300,000	153,472	300,000	
	-	266,449	410,861	266,447	410,859	

For The Year Ended 31 December 2015

		Conso	lidated	Paren	t entity
		2015	2014	2015	2014
		\$	\$	\$	\$
6.	Held-to-Maturity Investments (Non-current)				
	Shares in controlled entities	_	_	2	2
7.	Property, Plant and Equipment				
	Property, plant & equipment - at cost	369,279	369,279	369,279	369,279
	Less: Accumulated depreciation	(269,279)	(269,279)	(269,279)	(269,279)
		100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
	Reconciliation of carrying amount Opening balance at 1 January 2014	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
		100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
	Plant & equipment acquired during year	_	_	_	_
	Disposals	_	_	_	_
	Depreciation write back during year	_	_	_	_
	Closing balance at 31 December 2015	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
8.	Mineral Tenements (Non-Current)				
	Pegmont Lead-Zinc project at cost	893,807	893,807	893,807	893,807
	New Hope project at cost	145,425	145,425	145,425	145,425
	At cost	1,039,232	1,039,232	1,039,232	1,039,232
	Pegmont Lead-Zinc project at fair value	2,106,193	2,106,193	2,106,193	2,106,193
	Reefway Pty Ltd royalty at fair value	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
	At Fair Value	2,206,193	2,206,193	2,206,193	2,206,193
		3,245,425	3,245,425	3,245,425	3,245,425

The total value attributed to the Pegmont Lead-Zinc project of \$3,000,000 is based on the value of the current Option Agreement with Vendetta Mining Corp (Vendetta). The agreement was entered into in September 2014 and amended on 11 November 2015. The agreement requires Vendetta to pay Pegmont Mines Limited cash payments totaling \$5,250,000 over the period of the option. To date \$250,000 has been received from Vendetta and a further four cash installments are payable with a final payment of \$3,000,000 on 6 November 2018 upon exercise of the Call Option and transfer of the mineral tenements to Vendetta.

The Company's activities in the mining industry are subject to regulation and approvals including mining, heritage, environmental regulation, and any State or Federal legislation regarding native and mining titles. Approvals, although granted in the most cases, are discretionary. The question of native title has yet to be determined and could affect any mining title area whether granted by the State or not.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2015

		Consoli	Consolidated		entity
		2015	2014	2015	2014
		\$	\$\$	5 \$	
9.	Trade and other Payables (Current Liabilities)				
	Trade creditors and other loans	102,829	57,371	102,829	86,703
			Parent	entity	
			2015		2014
		Number	\$	Number	\$
10.	Ordinary shares – Fully paid	71,291,556	4,480,107	71,041,556	4,465,108

During the year the following issue of shares were made at 6c per share.

Issue to a contractor of 150,000 shares for exploration services provided. Issue of 100,000 shares in consideration for the acquisition of 20% minority interest in subsidiary Kimberley Ventures Ltd.

Terms and conditions of ordinary shares:

Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at shareholder's meetings. In the event of w inding up of the company, ordinary shareholders rank after all other shareholders and creditors are fully entitled to any proceeds of liquidations.

11. Reserves and Retained Earnings

		Consolidated		Parent entity	
		2015	2014	2015	2014
		\$	\$	\$	\$
1)	Reserves				
	Asset Revaluation Reserve	2,206,193	2,206,193	2,206,193	2,206,193
	Capital Profit Reserve	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
		4,206,193	4,206,193	4,206,193	4,206,193
)	Retained Earnings				
	Balance 1 January	(5,155,459)	(4,775,982)	(5,170,593)	(4,830,248)
	Profit for the year after related income tax expense	(222,273)	(346,345)	(222,273)	(340,345)
	Acquisition of minority interest in subsidiary	(34,491)	(33,132)	_	_
	Balance 31 December	(5,412,224)	(5,155,459)	(5,392,866)	(5,170,593)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves

The capital reserve is used to quarantine net realised profits of a capital nature, whilst the asset revaluation reserve is used to accumulate adjustments to fair value after they have been posted through the profit and loss account.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2015

12 Key Management Personnel Disclosure

a) Directors

The names of Directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Pegmont Mines Ltd & Subsidiaries

Malcolm A Mayger, John M Armstrong and Peter J Read

Executives during year - Christopher D Leslie

(b) Directors and Director-Related Entities' Shareholdings

The interests of Directors and their Director related entities in shares and share options at the end of the financial period are as follows:

	Balance at the start of the financial			Balance as the end of the financial
Name	period	Issued	Purchased/(Sold)	period
(1) Shares				
JM Armstrong	899,688	_	_	899,688
MA Mayger	39,043,333	_	_	39,043,333
P J Read	100,000	_	_	100,000
Total shares	40,043,021	_	_	40,043,021

c) Key management personnel compensation

The Company has taken advantage of the relief provided by Corporations Regulation 2M.6.04 and has transferred the detailed remuneration disclosures to the Directors' Report. The relevant information can be found in sections A-C of the remuneration report within the Directors' Report.

d) Related party transactions

Other than the transactions disclosed above there are no other transactions bet ween related parties that require disclosure.

13. Segmental Information

The economic entity operates predominantly in one ge ographic location. The operations of the economic entity consist exploration for gold, lead-zinc and other minerals and equity investments within Australia.

14. Remuneration of Directors

			Consolidated Parent entity		entity	
	Related party		2015	2014	2015	2014
Type of transaction	- directors	Terms and conditions	\$	\$	\$	\$
Directors' fees	MA Mayger	Normal commercial	50,000	60,000	50,000	60,000
Directors' fees	JM Armstrong	Normal commercial	35,000	40,000	35,000	40,000
Directors' fees	PJ Read	Normal commercial	20,000	12,500	20,000	12,500

For The Year Ended 31 December 2015

15. Controlled Entities

			Book value		Equity		quity Contribution Group	
			2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Name	Inc	Class	\$	\$	%	%	\$	\$
Pilbara Ventures Ltd	NSW	Ord	19,359	19,359	100	100	-	_
Queensland Copper Mines								
Pty Ltd	NSW	Ord	1	1	100	100	-	_
Kimberley Ventures Ltd	NSW	Ord	192,001	186,001	100	80	_	(6,000)
			211,361	205,361				
Contribution to Group Profit (L	oss) after m	inorities						
Parent –Pegmont Mines Ltd							(222,273)	(340,345)
Profit (loss) for year – group							(222,273)	(346,345)
Loans to (from) subsidiaries			195,746	166,414				
Provision for loss			(387,746)	(359,773)				
Parent net investment in subs	idiaries		19,361	12,002				

Consolida	ted	Parent en	tity
2015	2014	2015	2014
\$	\$	\$	\$

16. Reconciliation Of Cash

Cash as at the end of the financial year as shown in the Cash Flow Statement is reconciled to the related items in the balance sheet as follows:

	266,449	410,861	266,447	410,859
Call deposits	153,472	300,000	153,472	300,000
Cash at bank	112,977	110,861	112,975	110,859

Cash at bank bear a weighted average interest rate of 1.5%

17. Reconciliation Of Net Cash Outflow From Operating Activities To Operating Loss After Income Tax

Net cash provided for operating activities	(266,417)	(266,482)	(266,417)	(260,482)
Unrealised loss on investments	(44,384)	(29,069)	(44,384)	(29,069)
Refund of tenement expense	(45,579)	_	(45,579)	_
• Exploration	45,820	108,932	45,820	108,932
Operating Profit (Loss)	(222,274)	(346,345)	(222,274)	(340,345)

The Company has no credit standby or financing facilities in place other than disclosed on the statement of financial position.

For The Year Ended 31 December 2015

18. Subsequent Events

No other matter or circumstance has aris en since 31 December 2015 that has or may signific antly affect the operations of the Company, the results of the Company, or the state of affairs of the Company in the financial year subsequent to the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

19. Earnings Per Share(eps)

		Consolidated		Parent entity	
		2015 \$	2014 \$	2015 \$	2014 \$
(a)	Basic (loss) per share (Loss) attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	(0.003)	(0.005)	(0.003)	(0.005)
(b)	Earnings used in calculating earnings per share (Loss) attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	(222,274)	(346,345)	(222,274)	(340,345)
	The weighted average number of ordinary shares on issu	71,291,556	71,041,556	71,291,556	71,041,556

The diluted earnings per share is not materially different from the basic earnings per share.

20. Financial Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks.

Credit risk

The Company does not have any significant credit risk exposure to a single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any provisions for losses, represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the f air value of a ny collateral or other security obtained.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Although the Company has significant interest bearing assets, the Company's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Company monitors interest rates to obtain the best terms and mix of cash flow.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk and the effective weighted average interest rate by maturity periods is set out in the following tables

		Fixed Maturity Date				
	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate %	Variable Interest \$	Less than 1 year \$	1 to 2 years \$	Non- interest Bearing \$	Total \$
2015						
Financial assets						
Cash	_	-	_	-	112,975	112,975
Interest bearing deposits	2.5	-	153,472	-	-	153,472
Receivables	_	-	_	-	49,231	49,231
		-	153,472	-	162,206	315,678
Financial liabilities						
Accounts payable		_	_	-	102,829	102,829
		-	-	-	102,829	102,829

For The Year Ended 31 December 2015

Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management involves the maintenance of sufficient cash, marketable securities, committed credit facilities and access to capital markets. It is the policy of the board to ensure that the Group is able to meet its financial obligations and maintain the flex ibility to pursue attractive investment opportunities through keeping committed credit lines available where possible, ensuring the Group has sufficient working capital and preserving the 15% share issue limit available to the Company under the NSXA Listing Rules.

Financing arrangements

The Company has no financing facilities available to it

21. Auditors' Remuneration

	Conso	lidated	Paren	t entity	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Amount received or due and receivable by the auditor for:					
a) Audit services					
Audit and review of financial reports under the Corporations Act 2001	16,000	22,000	16,000	22,000	
b) Non Audit services					
Income tax return preparation	_	_	-	_	
Total remuneration of auditors	16,000	22,000	16,000	22,000	

The auditor of the Company and its subsidiaries is Rothsay Chartered Accountants.

The Company has received notification from the Company's auditor t hat he satisfies the independence criterion and that there have been no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 or any a pplicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit. The Company is satisfied that the non-audit services provided is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

22. Expenditure Commitments Mineral Tenement Leases

In order to maintain current rights of tenure to mining te nements, the Company will be required to outlay in 201 6 amounts of approximately \$Nil (2015 \$Nil) in respect of exploration expenditures to meet the minimum expenditure requirements of the various Mines Departments in Australia. These obligations will be fulfilled in accordance with the option agreement with Vendetta Mining.



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INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PEGMONT MINES LTD

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Pegmont Mines Ltd (the Company") which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2015 and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the year.

Directors Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001. This includes responsibility for the maintenance of adequate accounting records and internal controls that are designed to prevent and detect fraud and error, and for the accounting policies and accounting estimates inherent in the financial report. The Directors are also responsible for the remuneration disclosures contained in the directors' report.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial report is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate to the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used in and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report and the remuneration disclosures contained in the directors' report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company, and have met the independence requirements of Australian professional ethical requirements and the Corporations Act 2001.





Audit opinion

In our opinion the financial report of Pegmont Mines Ltd is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- a) (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's and the group's financial position as at 31 December 2015 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- b) the consolidated financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the remuneration report included in the Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2015. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion the Remuneration Report of Pegmont Mines Ltd for the year ended 31 December 2015 complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Rothsay Auditing

Munda

Rolf Garda Partner

Dated 23 March 2016

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1. Issued Capital at 31 December 2015:

71,291,556 Ordinary Shares Fully paid

2. Share Holdings at 29 February 2016

(a) Distribution of Shareholders

Shareholding	Number of holders	Ordinary Shares
1 – 1000	1	1,000
1001 – 5000	1	5,000
5001 – 10,000	76	756,000
10,001 – 100,000	135	4,564,289
100,000 and over	58	65,965,267
	271	71,291,556

(b) Names of Substantial Shareholders shown in the Company's Register holding 5% or more of the Issued Capital of the Company are:

Shareholding	Number of Shares	% Issued Capital
Malcolm A. Mayger Pty Limited	17,340,000	24.32
Pegasus Enterprises Ltd	16,683,333	23.40
Malcolm A. Mayger Pty Limited and association (including Pegasus Enterprises Limited)	ates 39,043,333	54.77
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Ltd	4,751,375	6.66
Walter Leonard McDonald and Mrs Margo Jean McDonald (McDonald Family SF Account)	4,726,361	6.63

(c) Interests associated with Malcolm A Mayger Pty Ltd hold 39,043,333 (54.77%) Ordinary fully paid shares.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

		Shares
J M Armstrong	Direct	99,688
	Indirect	800,000
P J Read	Direct	100,000
	Indirect	_
M A Mayger	Direct	500,000
	Indirect*	38,543,333
Total Shares		40,043,021

^{*}Includes Pegasus Enterprises Limited

Top Twenty Shareholders at 29 February 2016

	Number of Shares	Capital Issued %
Malcolm A Mayger Pty Ltd	17,340,000	24.32
Pegasus Enterprises Ltd	16,683,333	23.40
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Ltd	4,751,375	6.66
Walter Leonard McDonald and Mrs Margo Jean McDonald (McDonald Family SF account)	4,726,361	6.63
Gollum Opportunities	2,450,162	3.44
Lozora Pty Ltd	2,000,000	2.81
Malcolm A Mayger Super Fund	1,395,000	1.96
Bedel & Sowa Corp Pty Ltd	1,187,500	1.67
David Hewitt	1,132,750	1.59
Scepha Investments Pty Ltd	1,125,000	1.58
Sunlea Investments Pty Ltd	1,100,000	1.54
Perpetual Trustee Company Ltd	800,000	1.12
Mr I J Holland & Mrs D Holland	759,000	1.06
Mr Andrew George Poulos	585,000	0.82
Henroth Pty Ltd	550,000	0.77
Warlam Pty Ltd (Lincoln A/C)	520,000	0.73
Malcolm A Mayger	500,000	0.70
TCWH Super Fund	500,000	0.70
WHI Securities Pty Ltd	500,000	0.70
Martin Place Securities Staff Super Fund	450,285	0.63
	58,055,766	82.83
Other Shareholders	12,235,790	17.17
Total Issued Shares	71,291,556	100%

CORPORATE INFORMATION

PEGMONT MINES LIMITED ABN 97 003 331 682

Registered Office

C-/- Walker Wayland Services P/L Level 11, 60 Castlereagh Street Sydney NSW 2000

Telephone: (02) 9951 5400 Facsimile: (02) 9951 5454

Corporate Office:

13 Oden Street

Port Macquarie NSW 2444

Mail: 13 Oden Street, Port Macquarie NSW 2444

Phone: 0417 023 989

Email: pegmont@hotmail.com Website: www.pegmont.com.au

Listed on The National Stock Exchange of Australia

Code: PMI

Directors

John M Armstrong Non-Executive Chairman
Peter J Read Non-Executive Director
Malcolm A Mayger Managing Director

Company Secretary

Christopher D Leslie

Share Registry

C/- Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd

Shareholder enquiries: Telephone: 1300 850 505 Facsimile: (03) 9473 2500

Email: web.queries@computershare.com.au

Auditors:

Rothsay Chartered Accountants Level 1, 4 Ventor Avenue, West Perth WA 6849

Telephone: (08) 9486 7094



PEGMONT MINES LIMITED ABN 97 003 331 682

Registered Office

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Corporate Office:

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Email: pegmont@hotmail.com Website: <u>www.pegmont.com.au</u>

Directors

John M Armstrong Non-Executive Chairman
Peter J Read Non-Executive Director
Malcolm A Mayger Managing Director

Company Secretary

Christopher D Leslie

Share Registry:

C/-Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd Shareholder enquiries:

Telephone: 1300 850 505 Facsimile: (03) 9473 2500

Website: www.computershare.com

Listed on The National Stock Exchange of Australia

Code: PMI